



Spectral Gamma-Ray Borehole
Log Data Report

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Borehole

20-07-08

Log Event A

Borehole Information

Farm : <u>B</u>	Tank : <u>B-107</u>	Site Number : <u>299-E33-148</u>
N-Coord : <u>45,220</u>	W-Coord : <u>52,795</u>	TOC Elevation : <u>654.48</u>
Water Level, ft :	Date Drilled : <u>4/30/1970</u>	

Casing Record

Type : <u>Steel-welded</u>	Thickness : <u>0.280</u>	ID, in. : <u>6</u>
Top Depth, ft. : <u>0</u>	Bottom Depth, ft. : <u>135</u>	

Borehole Notes:

Borehole 20-07-08 was drilled in April 1970 to a depth of 100 ft with 6-in. casing. Data from the drilling log and Chamness and Merz (1993) were used to provide borehole construction information. In April 1973, this borehole was deepened and the 6-in. casing was extended to a depth of 135 ft. There is no mention that the borehole casing was perforated or grouted. The casing thickness is presumed to be 0.280 in., on the basis of the published thickness for schedule-40, 6-in. steel tubing.

Equipment Information

Logging System : <u>1B</u>	Detector Type : <u>HPGe</u>	Detector Efficiency: <u>35.0 %</u>
Calibration Date : <u>02/1997</u>	Calibration Reference : <u>GJO-HAN-14</u>	Logging Procedure : <u>P-GJPO-1783</u>

Logging Information

Log Run Number : <u>1</u>	Log Run Date : <u>09/25/1997</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Bob Spatz</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>132.5</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>61.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>

Log Run Number : <u>2</u>	Log Run Date : <u>09/26/1997</u>	Logging Engineer: <u>Bob Spatz</u>
Start Depth, ft.: <u>62.0</u>	Counting Time, sec.: <u>100</u>	L/R : <u>L</u> Shield : <u>N</u>
Finish Depth, ft. : <u>0.0</u>	MSA Interval, ft. : <u>0.5</u>	Log Speed, ft/min.: <u>n/a</u>



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Logging Operation Notes:

This borehole was logged by the SGLS in two log runs. The top of the borehole casing, which is the zero reference for the SGLS, is approximately flush with the ground surface. The total logging depth achieved was 132.5 ft.

Analysis Information

Analyst : E. Larsen

Data Processing Reference : MAC-VZCP 1.7.9

Analysis Date : 03/23/1999

Analysis Notes :

The pre-survey and post-survey field verification for each logging run met the acceptance criteria established for peak shape and system efficiency. The energy calibration and peak-shape calibration from the accepted calibration spectrum that most closely matched the field data were used to establish the peak resolution and channel-to-energy parameters used in processing the spectra acquired during the logging operation.

A casing correction factor for a 0.280-in.-thick steel casing was applied to the concentration data during the analysis process.

Log Plot Notes:

Separate log plots show the man-made and the naturally occurring radionuclides. The natural radionuclides can be used for lithology interpretations. The headings of the plots identify the specific gamma rays used to calculate the concentrations. Uncertainty bars on the plots show the statistical uncertainties for the measurements as 95-percent confidence intervals. Open circles on the plots give the MDL. The MDL of a radionuclide represents the lowest concentration at which positive identification of a gamma-ray peak is statistically defensible.

A combination plot includes the man-made and natural radionuclides, the total gamma derived from the spectral data, and the Tank Farms gross gamma log. The gross gamma plot displays the latest available digital data. No attempt has been made to adjust the depths of the gross gamma logs to coincide with the SGLS data.

A plot of the shape factor analysis results is included. The plot is used as an interpretive tool to help determine the radial distribution of man-made contaminants around the borehole.

Results/Interpretations:

The man-made radionuclide Cs-137 was detected around this borehole. The Cs-137 contamination was measured continuously from the ground surface to 8 ft.

The K-40 concentrations increase sharply from 42 to 42.5 ft. Increased U-238 and Th-232 concentrations occur at a depth of about 52 ft. Slightly decreased K-40 concentrations occur below about 61 ft.

Additional information and interpretations of log data are included in the main body of the Tank Summary Data Reports for tanks B-107 and B-110.